

## ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION AND BYLAWS (AD/ART) OF THE INDONESIAN ASSOCIATION OF ISLAMIC ECONOMISTS

### BYLAWS (ART)

#### CHAPTER I MEMBERSHIP

##### Article 1 Members

IAEI members are institutions and individuals consisting of: scholars, academics, economic actors and observers who are committed to advancing and developing the Islamic economy.

##### Article 2 Membership Requirements

- (1) Every institution and/or individual who wishes to become a member of IAEI must submit an application and state in writing their willingness to follow and carry out the Articles of Association and Bylaws as well as the provisions of other organizational regulations.
- (2) Institutions and / or individuals who have met the requirements in paragraph (1) must obtain approval from the local IAEI Management.
- (3) Institutions and / or individuals who have been approved as members of IAEI have rights and obligations in accordance with applicable provisions and regulations.

##### Article 3 Membership Period

- (1) The membership period of the institution is calculated from the time of obtaining approval to become a member of the local IAEI.
- (2) The term of membership of the institution ends because:
  - (a) Institution is no longer operational
  - (b) Institutions apply for resignation
  - (c) Institutions dismissed from membership

\*points (1) and (2) regarding the membership period of the institution are omitted.

- (3) The period of individual membership is counted since getting approval to become a member from the local IAEI.
- (4) The term of membership of an individual expires due to:
  - (a) Passed away
  - (b) At your own request
  - (c) Dismissed from membership

## Article 4 Rights and Obligations

### Member Rights

- (1) Every member gets the same treatment in the organization.
- (2) Every member has the right to vote and be elected.
- (3) Each member can express opinions, either orally or in writing.
- (4) Each member gets a membership card

### Member Obligations

- (1) Comply with and abide by the Articles of Association and Bylaws and other provisions.
- (2) Upholding Islamic ethics and morality (Upholding the creed and implementation of Islamic muamalah) (akhlaqul karimah) and maintaining and defending the good name and honor of the organization.
- (3) Support and succeed the goals, efforts and work programs of the organization.

## Article 5 Mutation of Members

- (1) Member transfer is the transfer of membership status from one region to another.
- (2) Members may transfer to another region by submitting a written application to the home region board.
- (3) Mutation requests must be approved in writing by the home region's board.

## Article 6 Concurrent Members and Concurrent Positions

- (1) IAEI members can concurrently become members of one political party and / or other organizations with the approval of the local board.
- (2) The General Chairperson of the IAEI Central Leadership is not allowed to concurrently serve as an administrator of one of the political parties and / or other organizations that have missions and goals that are contrary to the mission and objectives of IAEI.

## Article 7 Organizational Sanctions

Organizational sanctions can be given to members and / or leaders of IAEI if:

- (1) The person concerned is proven to have violated the Articles of Association / Bylaws and other IAEI regulatory provisions.
- (2) Performing actions that are not commendable that can damage the image and good name of the IAEI organization.

## Article 8 Forms of Sanctions

- (1) The first sanction is a written warning from the local board 2 (two) times.
- (2) If the sanction in paragraph (1) is not responded to, then the member can be temporarily and / or permanently dismissed as a member and / or management of IAEI.

## Article 9 Sanctioning Mechanism

- (1) Sanctions at the Central Leadership level (Central Leadership Council (DPP)) IAEI:
  - (a) Sanctions for the Chairman of IAEI are given based on the decision of the IAEI DPP Plenary meeting.
  - (b) Sanctions for other DPP IAEI administrators are carried out by the DPP IAEI management based on the results of the decision of the DPP IAEI Plenary meeting.
- (2) Sanctions at the Regional Leadership level (Regional Leadership Council (DPW)) IAEI:
  - (a) Sanctions for Regional Chairmen (DPW IAEI) are given based on the decision of the DPP IAEI Plenary meeting and input from the results of the DPW IAEI plenary meeting decision;
  - (b) For other DPW IAEI administrators, it is carried out by the DPW IAEI management and the results of the DPW IAEI Plenary meeting decision.
- (3) Sanctions at the Regional Leadership level (Regional Leadership Council (DPD)) IAEI:
  - (a) Sanctions for the Chairman of DPD IAEI (DPD IAEI) are given based on the decision of the PW (DPW IAEI) Plenary meeting and input from the results of the DPD IAEI plenary meeting.
  - (b) For other PD (DPD IAEI) administrators, it is carried out by the PD (DPD IAEI) management and the results of the decision of the PD (DPD IAEI) Plenary meeting.
- (4) Sanctions at the IAEI Commissariat Management (PK) level:
  - (a) Sanctions for the Chairman of PK IAEI are given based on the decision of the PD (DPD IAEI) Plenary meeting and input from the results of the PK IAEI plenary meeting.
  - (b) For other PK IAEI administrators, it is carried out by the PK IAEI management and the results of the PK IAEI Plenary meeting decision.

## Article 10 Self-Defense Mechanism

- (1) Self-defense may be conducted at a special meeting appointed to handle such matters.
- (2) If the self-defense is rejected, then the self-defense can be carried out at the plenary meeting of the board one level above it.
- (3) The final defense can be made up to the level of the Mukhtamar.

## CHAPTER II ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE AND LEADERSHIP

### Article 11 Central Leadership (Central Leadership Council (DPP))

- (1) The Central Leadership (IAEI Central Leadership Council) is domiciled in the capital of the Republic of Indonesia;
- (2) Central Leadership (IAEI Central Leadership Council) is the highest leadership of the organization at the central level.
- (3) To fill the vacancy of the position of General Chairperson, the Central Leadership (Central Leadership Council) can hold an Extraordinary Congress by coordinating with the Regional Leadership (Regional Leadership Council).
- (4) In circumstances that do not allow an Extraordinary Congress to be held, the Central Leadership (Central Leadership Council) can carry out the mechanism of a national working meeting.

- (5) The Central Leadership (Central Leadership Council) can add and or reduce its board members through a plenary meeting decision.
- (6) The Central Leadership (Central Leadership Council) can make its own work guidelines according to its needs provided that they do not conflict with the rules of the organization or the results of the Muktamar.

## Article 12

### Regional Leadership (Regional Leadership Council (DPW))

- (1) Regional Leadership (Regional Leadership Council) is established at the provincial level which has at least 2 (two) Regional Leadership (Regional Leadership Council);
- (2) The composition of the management based on the results of the Regional Deliberation is requested for ratification to the Central Leadership (Central Leadership Council);
- (3) The Regional Leadership (Regional Leadership Council) is located in the provincial capital;
- (4) Regional Leadership (Regional Leadership Council) is the highest leadership of the organization in its region.
- (5) To fill the vacancy of the chairman position, the Regional Leadership (Regional Leadership Council) can hold an Extraordinary Regional Conference by coordinating with the Central Leadership (Central Leadership Council).
- (6) In circumstances that do not allow the Extraordinary Regional Conference to be held, the Regional Leadership (Regional Leadership Council) can carry out the mechanism of regional work meetings and report the results to the Central Leadership (Central Leadership Council).
- (7) The Regional Leadership (Regional Leadership Council) can add and or reduce its management members through a plenary meeting decision by requesting authorization from the Central Leadership (Central Leadership Council).
- (8) The Regional Leadership (Regional Leadership Council) can make its own work guidelines according to its needs provided that they do not conflict with the rules of the organization.

## Article 13

### Regional Leadership (Regional Leadership Council (DPD))

- (1) Regional Leadership (Regional Leadership Council) can be established at the district and or municipality level that has at least 2 (two) commissariats;
- (2) The Regional Leadership (Regional Leadership Council) is prepared based on the results of the Regional Deliberation and requested for ratification to the Regional Leadership (Regional Leadership Council);
- (3) Regional Leadership (Regional Leadership Council) domiciled in the capital of the district and or local municipality
- (4) Regional Leadership (Regional Leadership Council) is the highest leadership of the organization in the region.
- (5) To fill the vacancy of the chairman position, the Regional Leadership (Regional Leadership Council) can hold an Extraordinary Regional Conference by coordinating with the Regional Leadership Council to request authorization from the IAEI Central Leadership Council (PP);
- (6) In circumstances that do not allow the Extraordinary Regional Conference to be held, the Regional Leadership Council can carry out the mechanism of regional work meetings and report the results to the Regional Leadership Council with a copy to the Central Leadership Council.

- (7) The Regional Leadership Council can add and or reduce its management members through a plenary meeting decision by requesting authorization from the Regional Leadership Council whose copy is sent to the Central Leadership Council;
- (8) The Regional Leadership Council can create its own work guidelines according to its needs provided that they do not conflict with the rules of the organization.

## Article 14

### Commissariat Management (PK)

- (1) A Commissariat Board can be established by at least 10 members.
- (2) The composition of the Commissariat management is based on the results of the Commissariat Deliberation and is requested for ratification to the Regional Leadership Council;
- (3) Commissariat administrators can be based in institutional units located in a region;
- (4) To fill the vacancy of the position of Chairperson, the Commissariat Management can hold an Extraordinary Commissariat Deliberation by coordinating with the Regional Leadership Council to request authorization from the IAEI Regional Leadership Council (PD);
- (5) In circumstances that do not allow the Extraordinary Commissariat Deliberation to be held, the Commissariat Management can carry out the mechanism of the commissariat work meeting and report the results to the Regional Leadership Council with a copy to the Regional Leadership Council.
- (6) The Commissariat Management can add and or reduce its management members through a plenary meeting decision by requesting authorization from the Regional Leadership Council whose copy is sent to the Regional Leadership Council;
- (7) The Commissariat Management can make its own work guidelines according to its needs provided that they do not conflict with the rules of the organization.

## Article 15 Overseas

### Branches

- (1) Overseas Branches can be established in any country in the world;
- (2) The Organizational and Leadership Structure for Overseas Branches follows the existing Organizational and Leadership Structure.

## Article 16

### Departments

- (1) At the PP, PW, PD and PK levels, departments can be formed and their administrators assigned based on professionalism.
- (2) The number and composition of departments in the management level at the PW level and below are adjusted according to their respective needs.

## CHAPTER III

### ORGANIZATION LEADERS

## Article 17

### Organization Leader Requirements

IAEI leaders must fulfill the following requirements:

- (1) Muslims and/or those with a strong commitment to the development of Islamic economics
- (2) Smart, honest and trustworthy (amanah)
- (3) Have a broad insight into Islamic economics
- (4) Have a commitment to developing Islamic economics.

## Article 18

### Duties and Obligations of Leaders

- (1) The General Chairperson of the Central Leadership Council is obliged to implement the provisions of the Congress and be accountable at the next Congress, as well as make a written report on the development of the organization nationally at least 1 (one) time a year.
- (2) The Chairman of the Regional Leadership Council is obliged to carry out the provisions of the Regional Deliberation and be accountable at the next Regional Deliberation, as well as make written reports on the development of the organization in their respective regions at least 1 (one) time in 1 (one) year to the Central Leadership.
- (3) The Chairperson of the Regional Leadership Council is obliged to implement the provisions of the Regional Deliberation and be accountable at the next Regional Deliberation, as well as make a written report on the development of the organization in their respective Regions at least 1 (one) time in 1 (one) year to the Regional Leadership Council and copied to the Central Leadership Council.
- (4) The Chairperson of the Commissariat Management is obliged to carry out the provisions of the Commissariat Deliberation and be accountable at the next Commissariat Deliberation, as well as make a written report on the development of the organization in each Commissariat at least 1 (one) time in 1 (one) year to the Regional Leadership Council and forwarded to the Regional Leadership Council.

## Article 19

### Leadership Change

- (1) Replacement of Organization Leaders at all levels is carried out after the expiration of the term of office.
- (2) Leadership changes at the DPP level are carried out in the Congress, while DPW, DPD and PK changes are carried out in deliberations at their respective levels.

## CHAPTER IV SECRETARIAT

## Article 20

### BPH Daily Executive

- (1) The BPH Daily Executive serves as an executive functionary of the Daily Executive Board with duties and authorities regulated in the provisions of the Daily Executive Board.
- (2) The BPH Daily Executive is responsible to the Daily Executive Board, especially to the secretary general.
- (3) The BPH Daily Executive can be formed at every level of management and is led by a Head of Secretariat.
- (4) The main duties of the BPH Daily Executive include:

- (a) Organizing secretarial programs.
  - (b) Assist in scheduling, organizing and deciding each meeting.
  - (c) Determine and or coordinate the technical implementation of operational policies that have been set by the IAEI management.
  - (d) Prepare and compile activity reports and organizational reports in general to be submitted periodically to the Daily Executive Board.
  - (e) As operational support, the Daily Executive is authorized to manage the DPP IAEI petty cash.
  - (f) Manage the daily operations of the secretariat office.
- (5) Other BPH Daily Executive structures and management are appointed and dismissed by the BPH Daily Executive leadership based on the results of consultation with the Daily Executive Board.
  - (6) To support the smooth operation of the secretariat, the Head of the secretariat can be assisted by several employees / secretariat staff according to the needs / activities of the organization.
  - (7) Staff and employees of the BPH Daily Executive are appointed by the BPH Daily Executive based on meeting decisions.
  - (8) Staff and employees of the BPH Daily Executive are appointed using a contract system with a period of 2 years and can be extended based on the consideration and decision of the Daily Executive Board.
  - (9) The secretariat management structure, secretariat personnel and secretariat work procedures as well as personnel remuneration are determined by the Daily Executive Board.

## Article 21

### Secretariat Office

- (1) The IAEI DPP Secretariat Office is domiciled in the capital city of the Republic of Indonesia.
- (2) Secretariat office and operational costs are provided by the Executive Board.
- (3) The Secretariat office can be self-owned, rented, or borrowed and has attributes as an IAEI identity.

## CHAPTER V

### DELIBERATION AND DECISION-MAKING

## Article 22

### Deliberation

The deliberations of the Islamic Economists Association (IAEI) consist of:

- (1) Muktamar
- (2) Extraordinary Congress
- (3) Regional Conference
- (4) Extraordinary Regional Conference
- (5) Regional Conference
- (6) Extraordinary Regional Conference
- (7) Commissariat Meeting
- (8) Extraordinary Commissariat Meeting
- (9) Other deliberations

## Article 23

### Muktamar

- (1) The status of the Congress is as follows:
  - (a) The Congress is the highest forum of sovereignty that determines and decides the final organization at the national level.
  - (b) The Congress was attended by the Central Leadership Council, Regional Leadership Council, Regional Leadership Council and Commissariat Leaders.
  - (c) Muktamar is held 1 (one) time in one period.
- (2) The Congress is organized by the IAEI Central Leadership Council.
- (3) If the Central Leadership Council is unable to organize the Congress referred to in paragraph (2) above, the Congress may be conducted by more than half of the Regional Leadership Councils.
- (4) The Congress is authorized:
  - (a) Assessing the accountability report of the Central Leadership.
  - (b) Amend and establish the Articles of Association (AD), Bylaws (ART), National Work Program (PKN) and recommendations (*blue print*)
  - (c) To elect and appoint the General Chairperson of the Central Leadership Council and at the same time the Chairperson of the Formation Team to compile the Personnel of the Central Leadership Council.
- (5) Further provisions regarding the Muktamar are regulated in the Rules of Procedure of the Muktamar.

## Article 24

### Extraordinary Congress

- (1) Extraordinary Muktamar has the same authority as the General Assembly.
- (2) Extraordinary Muktamar is convened by the Central Leadership Council upon the written proposal of more than two-thirds (2/3) of the number of Regional Leadership Councils.
- (3) If the written proposal as referred to in paragraph (2) has been submitted to the Central Leadership Council and within a period of 30 (thirty) days the Central Leadership Council does not express its attitude to hold an Extraordinary Congress, then the Extraordinary Congress can be held by the proposers.
- (4) Further provisions regarding the Extraordinary Muktamar are regulated in the Extraordinary Muktamar Rules of Procedure.

## Article 25

### Regional Deliberation

- (1) The status of the Regional Conference is as follows:
  - (a) The Regional Conference is the highest forum of the organization at the regional level.
  - (b) The Regional Conference is attended by the Regional Leadership Council and delegates from the Regional Leadership Council.
  - (c) The Regional Deliberation is held 1 (one) time in one management period before the organization of the Congress.
- (2) The Regional Conference is authorized:
  - (a) Assessing the accountability report of the Regional Leadership Council.

- (b) Establish the IAEI Work Program at the regional level which is a solution to actual problems, accommodation of aspirations that develop at the regional level and is an elaboration of the national level work program.
- (c) To elect the Chairperson of the Regional Leadership Council who also serves as the Chairperson of the Formation Team to compile the personnel of the Regional Leadership Council.
- (3) Further provisions regarding the Regional Deliberation are regulated in the Rules of Procedure of the Regional Deliberation.

## Article 26

### Extraordinary Regional Deliberation

- (1) The Extraordinary Regional Conference has the same authority as the Regional Conference.
- (2) Extraordinary Regional Deliberations are organized by the Regional Leadership Council upon the written proposal of more than half of the Regional Leadership Council.
- (3) If the written proposal as referred to in paragraph (2) has been submitted to the Regional Leadership Council and within a period of 30 (thirty) days the Regional Leadership Council does not express its attitude to organize an Extraordinary Regional Conference, then the Extraordinary Regional Conference may be organized by the proposers.
  - (a) Further provisions regarding the Extraordinary Regional Conference are regulated in the Rules of Procedure.
  - (b) Extraordinary Regional Conference.

## Article 27

### Regional deliberation

- (1) The status of the Regional Conference is as follows:
  - (a) The Regional Deliberation is the highest forum of the regional level organization which is the final determinant and decider of the organization at the regional level.
  - (b) The Regional Deliberation is attended by the Regional Leadership Council and representatives of the Commissariat Management.
  - (c) The Regional Deliberation is held 1 (one) time in one management period before organizing the Regional Deliberation.
- (2) The Regional Conference is authorized:
  - (a) Assessing the accountability report of the Regional Leadership Council.
  - (b) Establish the IAEI Work Program at the regional level which is a solution to actual problems, accommodation of aspirations that develop at the regional level and is an elaboration of the regional level work program.
  - (c) To elect the Chairperson of the Regional Leadership Council who also serves as the Chairperson of the Formation Team to organize the personnel of the Regional Leadership Council.
- (3) Further provisions regarding the Regional Deliberation are regulated in the Rules of Procedure of the Regional Deliberation.

## Article 28

### Extraordinary Regional Conference

- (1) Extraordinary Regional Meetings have the same authority as Regional Meetings.

- (2) Extraordinary Regional Deliberations are organized by the Regional Leadership Council upon the written proposal of more than half of the Regional Leadership Council.
- (3) If the written proposal as referred to in paragraph (2) has been submitted to the Regional Leadership Council and within a period of 30 (thirty) days the Regional Leadership Council does not express its stance to organize an Extraordinary Regional Conference, then an Extraordinary Regional Conference may be organized by the proposers.
- (4) Further provisions regarding Extraordinary Regional Deliberations are regulated in the Rules of Procedure for Extraordinary Regional Deliberations.

## Article 29

### Commissariat deliberations

- (1) The status of the Commissariat Conference is as follows:
  - (a) The Commissariat Deliberation is the highest organizational forum at the commissariat level which determines and decides the final organization at the commissariat level.
  - (b) The Commissariat Deliberation is attended by the Commissariat Management and Members of the Commissariat concerned.
  - (c) The Commissariat Deliberation is held 1 (one) time in one management period before organizing the Regional Deliberation.
- (2) The Regional Conference is authorized:
  - (a) Assessing the accountability report of the Commissariat Management.
  - (b) Establish the IAEI Work Program at the commissariat level which is a solution to actual problems, accommodation of aspirations that develop at the regional level and is an elaboration of the regional level work program.
  - (c) Elect the Chairperson of the Commissariat Management who also doubles as the Chairperson of the Formation Team to compile the personnel of the Commissariat Management.
- (3) Further provisions regarding the Commissariat Deliberation are regulated in the Rules of Procedure of the Commissariat Deliberation.

## Article 30

### Extraordinary Commissariat Deliberation

- (1) The Extraordinary Commissariat Meeting has the same authority as the Commissariat Meeting.
- (2) Extraordinary Commissariat Deliberations are organized by the Commissariat Management upon the written proposal of more than half of the Commissariat Management.
- (3) If the written proposal as referred to in paragraph (2) has been submitted to the Commissariat Management and within a period of 30 (thirty) days the Commissariat Management does not express its attitude to organize an Extraordinary Commissariat Deliberation, then the Extraordinary Commissariat Deliberation can be organized by the proposers.
- (4) Further provisions regarding the Extraordinary Commissariat Deliberation are regulated in the Rules of Procedure of the Extraordinary Commissariat Deliberation.

## Article 31

### Other Deliberations

- (1) Apart from the Congress and deliberations, the Central Leadership Council annually organizes a National Working Conference by inviting the Regional Leadership Council.

- (2) Outside the Regional Deliberation, the Regional Leadership Council annually organizes a Regional Work Meeting by inviting the Regional Leadership Council.
- (3) Apart from the Regional Deliberation, the Regional Leadership Council annually organizes a Regional Work Meeting by inviting the Commissariat Management.
- (4) Apart from the Commissariat Deliberation, the Commissariat Management annually organizes the Commissariat Work Meeting.

## Article 32

### Meetings

- (1) At any time deemed necessary, the Central Leadership Council and the respective Regional Leadership Council may hold meetings.
- (2) Meetings consist of:
  - (a) Plenary Meetings and Work Meetings, which are Central Leadership Council Meetings attended by the entire Central Leadership Council or attended by representatives.
  - (b) Daily Meetings, namely IAEI Leadership Meetings at their respective levels which at the central level are attended by the Daily Management (General Chairman, Deputy General Chairman, Chairmen, General Secretary, Deputy General Secretary, General Treasurer, and Treasurers) or in accordance with the structure of their respective levels.
  - (c) Ordinary Meetings, which are IAEI Leadership Meetings at their respective levels that discuss technical matters of organizational operations.
  - (d) Coordination Meeting.

## Article 33

### Decision-making

- (1) The Mukhtamar / Regional Conference / Regional Conference / Commissariat Conference is only valid if attended by more than  $\frac{1}{2}$  (half) of the number of participants who should be present.
- (2) If the provision referred to in paragraph (1) of this article does not fulfill the quorum, it shall be postponed for a maximum of 1 (one) time 24 hours.
- (3) In decision-making:
  - (a) At the Congress, the Central Leadership Council, Regional Leadership Council, Regional Leadership Council and Commissariat Management, each element as a unit has 1 (one) voting right.
  - (b) At the Regional Deliberation, the Regional Leadership Council, Regional Leadership Council and Commissariat Management, each element as a unit has 1 (one) voting right.
  - (c) At the Regional Deliberation, Regional Leadership Council and Commissariat Management, each element as a unit has 1 (one) voting right.
  - (d) At the Commissariat Deliberation, the Commissariat Management and Members, each element as a unit has 1 (one) voting right.
- (4) Meetings are only valid if attended by more than  $\frac{1}{2}$  (half) of the number of participants entitled to attend.
- (5) If the quorum is not met, the meeting as referred to in paragraph (4) may be adjourned for a maximum of 1 (one) hour.
- (6) If after the meeting has been postponed for one hour it turns out that those present are not enough quorum, then the meeting can be postponed for a maximum of 3x24 hours.
- (7) All decisions of the Congress, Deliberations and Meetings are determined by consensus.

- (8) If deliberation by consensus cannot be determined, then the decision is made by majority vote (voting).
- (9) Decisions made pursuant to the provisions of paragraphs (1) and (2) of this article are valid and binding and must be complied with by all relevant parties.

## Article 34

### Order of Decision

- (1) Decisions of the Central Leadership Council Meetings must not conflict with the Articles of Association, Bylaws, Decisions of other Congresses and Decisions of Extraordinary Congresses.
- (2) Decisions of the Regional Leadership Council Meetings must not conflict with the Articles of Association, Bylaws, Decisions of other Congresses, Decisions of Extraordinary Congresses, Decisions of the Central Leadership Council and Decisions of Regional Deliberations.
- (3) Decisions of the Regional Leadership Council Meeting must not contradict the Articles of Association, Bylaws, Decisions of other Congresses, Decisions of Extraordinary Congresses, Decisions of the Central Leadership Council, Decisions of the Regional Leadership Council and Decisions of Regional Deliberations.
- (4) Decisions of the Commissariat Management Meeting must not conflict with the Articles of Association, Bylaws, Decisions of other Congresses, Decisions of Extraordinary Congresses, Decisions of the Central Leadership Council, Decisions of the Regional Leadership Council, Decisions of the Regional Leadership Council and Decisions of the Commissariat Deliberation.
- (5) Decisions of the Daily Meeting may not conflict with Decisions of the Plenary Meeting.

## CHAPTER VI

### FINANCE

## Article 35

The amount of membership dues, infaq and other sources / efforts as well as the technical arrangements and utilization of the money in question, is regulated separately by the Central Leadership Council.

## CHAPTER VII

### ORGANIZATIONAL SYMBOLS AND ATTRIBUTES

## Article 36

The emblem and other organizational attributes are regulated and determined by the Mukhtar.

## CHAPTER VIII

### TRANSITIONAL RULES AND CLOSING PROVISIONS

## Article 37

### Transitional Rules

Everything that has existed before the enactment of these Articles of Association / Bylaws and something new that is regulated in these Articles of Association / Bylaws must be adjusted or held no later than 6 (six) months from the enactment of these Articles of Association / Bylaws.

## Article 38 Closing Provisions

- (1) Each member is deemed to have agreed to the contents of these Articles of Association and Bylaws.
- (2) Every member and leader of the organization must abide by the Articles of Association and Bylaws.
- (3) Matters that have not been regulated in these Articles of Association and Bylaws will be determined by the Central Leadership, as long as they do not conflict with the Articles of Association, Bylaws, Decisions of the Congress, Decisions of the Extraordinary Congress, and Decisions of the Leadership Conference.
- (4) The Bylaws were ratified at the IV IAEI Congress in Jakarta on August 24, 2019. These bylaws are valid since they were enacted.

Established in : Jakarta

On the date of : August 24, 2019 AD / 23 Dhul Hijjah 1440 AH

4<sup>th</sup> Mukhtar of the Indonesian Association of Islamic Economists (IAEI)